The Daily Sentinel.

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The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Gazette.

RADICALISM IN THE SOUTH—SOUTHERN LEGISLATURES AND THE ELECTORAL VOTE—SENTIMENTS OF THE CABINET—THE POLITICAL FUTURE.

WASHINGTON, August 2.

Accounts which I have recently seen from the South represent the radical organization there as terribly demoralized. Except in Louisiana, it is now thought doubtful whether the Legislatures of the seven reconstructed States will assume the power of appointing electoral votes. Virginia, Mississippi and Texas will, in some way, if not prevented by the force of the United States under the orders of the bogus State authorities, select electors and send their votes to Congress. It is understood the President has all along advised this course.

In respect to the political sentiments of the Cabinet, I learn that Messrs. Browning and Wells may be relied on as sincere friends of the Democratic ticket. Accounts are contrary as to the other members. Randall is disgusted, it is said, with politics and has declared his position to be that of armed neutrality. Schofield will of course adhere to the epauletted candidate. McCulloch is reticent, and whatever may be said to the contrary, Seward and Evarts occupy doubtful attitudes. In truth, none of these men have a political future. If the Democrats succeed in November, a clean sweep will be made from top to botton. If on the other hand (contrary to all signs,) the Radicals shall triumph, the whole of the present Cabinet, together with Fessenden, Trumbull, Henderson, Ross, Van Winkle and Fowler, will be unceremoniously thrown overboard. The Radicals, however, will be without other patronage, as the proscriptive and unconstitutional action of Congress has left scarcely a single Democrat or real Conservative in office.

RECONSTRUCTION TROUBLES AT THE SOUTH.

LOUISIANA—A NEGRO DEMOCRAT MOBBED.

NEW ORLEANS, August 3.

A negro named Willis Rollins has been making Democratic speeches in this city for the last week, and aroused the enmity of the Radicals, both white and black. Several attempts have been made on his life. On Saturday night a crowd followed him several squares, trying to drag him from a street car. In making his escape he was arrested on a charge of inciting to riot, but was released on bail. On yesterday another attack with a slung-shot was made on him.

This morning, on appearing before the Recorder, it was found that the original charge of inciting to riot was dropped, and the charge of carrying concealed weapons substituted. He was discharged. After release his life was again threatened by the excited negroes, but he was escorted in safety by his friends to the room of the Constitution Club on Canal street, in the neighborhood of which the excited crowd gathered.

Gov. Warmouth appeared and make a short and effective speech, telling the negroes that they should rather protect Rollins in the public expression of his opinion, than seek to deprive him of that right. He advised the crowd to disperse and go home, which they did. Gov. Warmouth's speech is highly spoken of.

THE RECONSTRUCTED SENATE.

Come. This won't do, you know. The Constitution says there shall only be two Senators to a State, but carpet-bag reconstruction is giving some of them triplets, as thus:

SENATORS.	*Regular.*	*Carpet-Bag.*
Illinois	Richard Yates,	W P Kellogg
	Lyman Trumbull,	
Kansas	Edmond G Ross,	R McDonald
	S C Pomeroy,	
Mass	Chas Sumner,	F E Sawyer
	Henry Wilson,	
Michigan	Zach Chandler,	F S Welsh
	J H Howard,	
Minnesota	Alex Ramsey,	Benj F Rice
	Daniel S Norton,	
Nebraska	Thos W Tipton,	T E Spencer
	John M Thayer,	
New Hamp	Aaron N Cragin,	J C Abbott
	J W Patterson,	
New Jersey	Alex G Cattell,	T W Osborn
	F T Frelinghuysen,	
New York	Ewd D Morgan,	J S Harriss
	Roscoe Conkling,	
Ohio	Benj F Wade,	W Warner
	John Sherman.	

These carpet-bag Senators assume to be from Florida, Alabama, and so on, but are in reality as above. Let us have peace.—*N. Y. World.*

Radical Senator Wilson stated in open Senate, last week, there are now in the five military districts nineteen thousand six hundred soldiers. They are the forces by which reconstruction has been carried on in ten States, and Radical Governments built up. Those military forces, amounting in round numbers to 20,000 men, are still distributed throughout the five districts, bolstering up the governments established by the votes of negroes. There is not the slightest evidence that they are to be removed. According to the statement of a paymaster of the regular army, who has been in the service twenty years, every thousand men cost now *one million and a half per annum.* The military reconstructing force of 20,000 men now maintained in the five districts cost the large sum of *thirty millions of dollars.*

Contemporaneous with the announcement that the carpet-bag government of Louisiana is calling for troops, comes a bill to guarantee the payment of certain bonds to be issued under authority of this same pretended State government to the extent of $5,000,000. So the reconstructed Louisiana is not only asking for an unknown number of thousands of troops, each soldier costing $2,000 per annum, but desires the Federal indorsement on her worthless note for $5,000,000. We thought all was to be peace and prosperity in this State when reconstruction was complete.—*N. Y. World.*

From one end of the country to the other the cry goes up from the people that we must have a change. The farmers demand a change; the merchants demand a change; the laboring people everywhere demand a change; the tax-payers demand a change; the lovers of the Constitution demand a change; the white people say they must and will have a change of administration.

MISCELLANEOUS.

44 Fayetteville Street.

ARRIVED.—Western Empire Cook Stoves, complete, Climax Furnaces, Brass Kettles.
ALSO,
Coffee and Cut Loaf Sugars, Rio, Laguira and Old Java Coffees,
50 kegs Cut Nails,
Best Horse Shoe Nails.
Raleigh, July 30-tf — J. BROWN, With Hart & Lewis.

New Family Flour.

JUST RECEIVED, a lot of new FAMILY FLOUR, on sale at reasonable rates.
July 31-1w — JAS. M. TOWLES, Commission Merchant.

TO TOBACCONISTS.

We invite the attention of Tobacconists to our large stock of Branding Brushes, Inks, Gums and Flavoring Materials, such as

Oil Aniseed	Angelica or Eel Root
" Bergamot	Orris Root
" Cinnamon	Snake Root
" Citronella	Valerian Root
" Geranium	Cardamon Seed
" Lemon	Coriande Seed
" Mirbane	Fennel Seed
" Nutmegs	Aniseed
" Sassafras	Mace
" Wintergreen	Nutmegs
" Orange	Gum Styrax
" Allspice	Gum Arabic
" Cinnamon Bark	Gum Gedda
" Cloves	Sweet Oil, &c.
" Tonka Beans.	

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Corner Sycamore and Washington Streets,
July 27-tf — Petersburg, Va.

DR. CHALONER'S CHOLERA MEDICINE cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.
For sale by JORDAN & CARR,
Petersburg, July 27-tf — Druggists.

OIL OF BAY LEAVES!

The best article known for beautifying and preserving the HAIR. Prepared and sold by
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Sycamore, corner Washington St.
July 27-tf — Petersburg, Va.

Arrangements Perfected!

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH a House
FROM BOTTOM TO TOP
With **House Furnishing Goods**, Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c.
Through our resident Partner in New York, we will furnish PUBLIC and PRIVATE HOUSES with all that is required, using our best judgment and taste in the purchases.
If desired, the whole will be bought on commission.
Aug. 1-tf — W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Horse and Wagon for Sale.

ONE HANDSOME YOUNG BAY MARE; goes well in Harness and under the Saddle.
One SPRING WAGON. Apply for one week, to
B. F. WILLIAMSON,
Raleigh, July 31-6t — No. 4 Exchange Place.

SUMMER CAMPAIGN!!!

1868.

GOOD NEWS TO BUYERS!

M. ROSENBAUM,

HAVING CONCLUDED TO CLOSE OUT HIS ENTIRE Stock of

CLOTHING,

Consisting, in part, of

BLACK CLOTH COATS,
BLACK DOESKIN PANTS,
FANCY CASSIMERE SUITS,
(Suitable for Fall and Winter wear,)
SILK VESTS,
LINEN SUITS,
ALPACA COATS,
&c., &c., &c.

He offers the same

AT COST!

As they must be closed out in less than

SIXTY DAYS!!

ALSO a large assortment of Summer

DRESS GOODS!!

At 20, 22½ and 25 cents per yard—worth from 30 to 50 cts.
Aug. 1-tf — **M. ROSENBAUM,** No. 16 Fayetteville Street.

[COPY.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said act:

Now, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

HILAND R. HULBURD,
Seal. — Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,683.

STATE NATIONAL BANK,
RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT
W. E. ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. S. MASON, — W. W. VASS,
JAS. H. FOOTE.

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.
Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.
Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.
July 1-3m.

DRIED AND GREEN FRUIT.

We pay special attention to the sale of all kinds of Dried and Green Fruit at this season.
It will pay to ship Good Green Fruit.
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
July 27-1m — Portsmouth, Va.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!
Secure your Seed Wheat from the Genuine Bowden.!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a consignment of this noted brand of Wheat, which we offer for sale at a reasonable price. As our Wheat harvest has fallen far short of a general crop, it is to the interest of our Farmers to secure their seed from this excellent brand. Call soon at
July 21-tf — UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!
2,500 bushels White Corn at
July 21-tf — UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SUGAR! SUGAR!! SUGAR!!!
15,000 lbs. Sugar, different grades, on hand at
July 21-tf — UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!! MOLASSES!!!
2,000 gallons Molasses at
July 21-tf — UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CANDY! CANDY!!
500 lbs. Fresh Candy, just received at
July 21-tf — UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP.
June 22-tf — Just received by UPCHURCH & DODD.

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT.
June 22-tf — For sale at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER.
June 22-tf — For sale by UPCHURCH & DODD.

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE.
June 22-tf — Just received at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Meal, Meal, Meal.

FINE WHITE BOLTED MEAL, the best in town, for sale by
July 17-tf — DOUGLAS AELL.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

500 BUSHELS.
July 17-tf — For sale at low price. DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

10,000 LBS. RIB SIDES
July 17-tf — Just received by DOUGLAS BELL.

Family Roe Herring.

20 HALF BARRELS.
July 17-tf — In Store and for sale by DOUGLAS BELL,

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in store and for sale, at low price, to close consignment.
June 26-tf — DOUGLAS BELL.

CORN! CORN! CORN!

1,000 BUSHELS CORN, PRIME WHITE! The cheapest in town. For sale by
July 11-tf — DOUGLAS BELL,

Rib Sides.

FIVE THOUSAND LBS. RIB SIDES.
25 bbls. Roe and Cut Herrings, for sale low, to close, by
July 29-tf — DOUGLAS BELL.

Wheat Bran.

FIVE HUNDRED BUSHELS for sale on account of shippers, by
July 29-tf — DOUGLAS BELL, Commission Merchant.

REFINED SUGARS!!

A, C, Ex. C, Refined Yellow, and Crushed.—Just received from the best Refineries, by
July 31-tf — DOUGLAS BELL.

EXCELLENT FLOUR!
STILL ON HAND!!!

I have to-day received another lot of Garnett-rill's Superior Flour, which is for sale by the barrel, and in smaller quantities, to suit purchasers. This Flour is always warranted.
July 31-tf — DOUGLAS BELL.

JUST RECIEVED.—A FULL STOCK OF Crushed, A, Extra C, and Coffee SUGARS,
aug5 at — DOUGLAS BELL'S.

SUGAR CURED BREAKFAST BACON. Also a nice lot of HAMS. Just received by
aug5 — DOUGLAS BELL.

PRIME CAROLINA RICE.—For sale by
aug5 — DOUGLAS BELL.

25 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES TEN boxes Hotel Candles. For sale by
aug5 — DOUGLAS BELL.

25 GROSS PARLOR MATCHES,
aug5 at — DOUGLAS BELL'S.

A NICE LOT OF MARKET BASKETS
aug5 at — DOUGLAS BELL'S.

A SMALL LOT OF COTTON YARNS, Cheap, to close consignment.
aug5 — DOUGLAS BELL.

Meal, Meal, Meal.

TWO HUNDRED Bushels PRIME WHITE BOLTED MEAL, Just received by
Aug. 1-tf — DOUGLAS BELL.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Forty Bags Rio Coffee, just received at
Aug. 3-tf — UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SOLE LEATHER,

TRUNKS, VALISES,
LEATHER AND MOROCCO
TRAVELING BAGS,
For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 23-tf — R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.
April 30-tf — W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5—tf — At ANDREWS'.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf — At ANDREWS'.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON,—Sides and Shoulders, low.
April 30-tf — W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,
Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 81, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,
(NEAR TUCKER HALL,)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice
Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.
Jan 29-148-tf

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.
TONNOFF-KI'S
Feb 5-150-tf

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Picalilli, at
Mar 19—tf — TONNOFFSKI'S

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
March 2—tf

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,
At
Mar 18—tf — TONNOFFSKI'S.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

GENUINE IMPORTED
WINES & LIQUORS.

CHAMPAGNE OF THE FOLLOWING brands:
"Carte Blanche."
"Bouzy Exquis"
"Fleur de Sillery."
"Heidsick"
Choice N. C. Scuppernong, on draught and in cases.
Port, Madeira and Sherry, in cases
Pure French and Apple Brandy.
" Rye and Corn Whiskey
" Holland Gin.
" Jamaica Rum.
" Blackberry Wine.
" " Brandy.
July 14-tf — W. H. JONES & CO. Auc. & Com. Merchants.

CORN!
1,000 bushels now in store.
July 20-tf — W H JONES & CO, Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

Cheese! Cheese!

Just received a lot of Choice Factory Cheese.
July 20-tf — W. H. JONES & CO., Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

Seed Wheat.

CHOICE MARYLAND SEED WHEAT.
A limited consignment.
July 23-tf — W. H JONES & CO., Auctr's and Com Merchants.

HAMS! HAMS!

Another lot of beautiful Family Hams.
July 29-tf — W. H JONES & CO., Auction'rs & Com. Merchants.

COTTON SEED MEAL.
For Milch Cows.
July 29-tf — W. H. JONES & CO., Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

For Sale,

FORTY SHARES OF N. C. R. R. STOCK.
July 24-tf — W. H. JONES & CO., Auction & Com. Merchants.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,
PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.
Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.
June 17-3m*

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S
CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF
SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,
SUCH AS
CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,
AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED
By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.,
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E. BARRAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.
T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.
☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.
☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.
All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered.
Address
DR. J. J. LAWRENCE,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
Jan 31-148-1y

1868. SPRING STOCK. 1868.
BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,
AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.
WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf — No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs, Petersburg.
☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

Inks, Black and Colored.

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION of our brethren of the Press, we keep on hand, in kegs of 25 to 50 lbs, NEWS INK, at Philadelphia prices.
Also, in quantities from ¼ lb. to 1 lb. or more COLORED INKS. Also small cans of fine BOOK INKS. Forwarded by Express, C. O. D.
Aug. 3-tf — W. E. PELL.

44 Fayetteville Street.

SELF SEALING ONE AND TWO QUART Fruit Jars.
Raleigh, July 15-tf — **J. BROWN.** With Hart & Lewis.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
INCORPORATED IN 1846.

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,
$20,000,000.00.
ANNUAL INCOME,
$7,530,886.89.
SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.
AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the *cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world*, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the *safest* and *best* method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.
Will issue Policies on any plan devised.
S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
June 2-tf — Raleigh, N. C.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS.
ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.
Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.
It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

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J. E. Edwards,	William G. Taylor,
A. Y. Stokes,	A. P. Abell,
B. D. Morton,	W. B. Isaacs,
R. H. Dibrell,	George L. Ridgood,
William R. Palmer,	Samuel M. Price.

LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't.
Jan 29-146-tf — LEXINGTON, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR
CRESYLIC SOAPS,
AND
SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,
[PATENTED]
Manufactured under license solely by
JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,
100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With license under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family Soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5	pound canisters wholesale,	$ 1 25
10	do do do	2 25
50	tin kegs, do	10 00
200	do barrels, do	38 00

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In solution for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of Sores, Scratches and Chafes of all kind. 40 cents per lb., or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets, $3,60.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps,

For use in scrubbing and in the Laundry.—Send for a descriptive pamphlet
June 25-3m

DOUGLAS BELL,
Grocer and Commission Merchant,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH

☞ Consignments of Flour, Corn, Bacon and Country Produce of all kinds solicited.
July 29-tf

DRY GOODS.

SELLING OUT AT
NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of
DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,
AT
NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.
All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.
A. KLINE.
Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.,
June 26-1m — Raleigh, N. C

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND
NEW GOODS
Just Received at LOW PRICES.
Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.
BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:
SUCH AS **PRINTS** AT 12½ TO 15;
And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.
A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,
At the old stand of
Nov. 27—36-tf — **S. H. YOUNG.**

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS
ALSO
Agents for the sale of
Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Bolting Cloth,
India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.
☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*
April 30-tf

GLASS PRESERVE JARS,
STONE JARS,
JUGS AND CHURNS,
OLD DOMINION NAILS,
MOULDING, BEAD,
JACK AND FORE PLANES.
Just received at
THOS. H. BRIGGS'.
July 10-tf

RALEIGH
SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.
All orders promptly attended to.
July 10 tf — THOS. H. BRIGGS, Proprietor.

COLLINS & HEATH,
7 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Uniform Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Syracuse Range,
Brass, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick.
Iron and Cement Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Hose, Fountains,	
Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
Water Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
May 15 1y

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO
MANUFACTURERS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,
Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,
BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES
and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.
They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.
Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb 7-154-tf

NOTICE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER, made in the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for Wake County, at May Term, 1868, in the case of J. H. Rogers, Administrator, and J. R. Rogers against Seon H. Rogers, I will sell, at the Court House door, in the City of Raleigh, on the 20th day of August, 1868, at 12 o'clock, M., all the real estate of the late Seon Rogers, subject to the widow's dower.
The lands are situate about six miles North of Raleigh, and there are about ONE THOUSAND acres.
TERMS—Twelve months credit.
The undersigned, living upon the premises, will take great pleasure in showing the same to persons desirous of purchasing.
J. BOWAN ROGERS,
July 18-4d — Commissioner.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE Inaugurated and are the *Great Through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the *Ten Thousand* Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight
R O U T E,
Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!
To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignments to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., c. City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.
FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 197, Greenwich St., Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.
FROM PHILADELPHIA:
(Via Annanessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.
FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.
C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-305-tf — Raleigh N. C

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., May 26th, 1868.

On and after May 26th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9.15 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	3.40 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.55 P. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	5.15 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	1.15 P. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	10.05 A. M.

The Mail Trains make through connections with all points North and South.
A. B. ANDREWS,
may 21-tf — Supt. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS
ESTABLISHED 1831.

KADER BIGGS. — JOS. J. BIGGS.
KADER BIGGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
Gener Commission Merchants.
NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.
Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.
Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.
Liberal advances made on produce in hand.
Refer to A. M. McPheeters, Esq., pres. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Mial, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill, Louisburg; Gen. Joshua Barnes, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & Son, Washington.
Norfolk, Va., June 2—tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on arrival,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,	
300,000 White Oak Hhd "	
100,000 White Oak " Heading,	*Norfolk Inspection.*
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,	
50,000 White Oak Bbl "	

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The red Oaks, from September to January next.
Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to
CHARLES REID & SON,
Mar 19—tf — Norfolk, Va.

DR. JORDAN,
OF NORFOLK, VA.
TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,
By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.
He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.
Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.
Norfolk, Va., June 15 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED
"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"
is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.
Information promptly furnished upon application
W. B. ASTEN & CO.,
June 17-3m — 25 PEARL ST., New York City.

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 3 lb., Cans (1qt.) $4.00 per doz.
12 " 6 lb., " (2qt.) $8.00 " "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.
The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again
Apply to
Feb 19-164-tf — E. H. POGUE, Hillsboro, N. C.

Grocery and Commission Business!

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUES to carry on, at his old place of business, on Hargett street, the **Grocery and Commission Business** in its various branches.
He will always keep on hand everything usually found in a FIRST-CLASS Family Grocery establishment. There is no necessity for particularizing.
The stringency of the times compels him to adopt, strictly,
THE CASH SYSTEM!
Do not, therefore, send orders, or scrips, or make application for credit.
He will pay prompt attention to, and make regular returns on account of, all CONSIGNMENTS, to be sold on COMMISSION.
REFERENCES: Gov. Jonathan Worth and Jno. G. Williams, Esq., Raleigh.
DOTUS K. PEGRAM,
Raleigh, July 21-1m

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Sentinel is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$ 00
Six months	4 50
One year	9
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4 00
" " six months	2 0
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 00
" six months	1 0

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES.
EDITORS.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1868.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET:

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

THE WAR ACT OF THE RADICALS.

The *substitute* offered by Seymour, the carpet-bagger from Craven, in the House of Representatives, in the stead of the "Police Force" bill, which our readers have seen, is equally monstrous, unconstitutional and incendiary, with that which it substitutes. It has been under discussion in the House for several days, and Messrs. Durham, Argo, Gatling and the Conservatives generally, and Messrs. Sinclair, Pou, and others among the Radicals, deserve the thanks of the people of the State, of all parties, for their determined and manly opposition to a bill which is fraught with the worst consequences to the peace and quiet of the State. While we are writing, the bill is still under discussion in the House, and we presume will pass, under the party lash of the caucus. We still rely upon the Senate to defeat this nefarious and wicked scheme.

The bill is *unconstitutional*: First, in that it authorizes and *directs* "Gov." Holden to *appoint* a special militia force. The Constitution itself appoints, or elects, who shall compose the militia, and does not authorize the General Assembly to exercise this power itself or confer it upon any one else. The Constitution appoints and elects *all* able bodied men, citizens of the State, and of the United States, between the ages of 21 and 40 years, to perform militia duty. It authorizes the General Assembly to exempt from, but not to "appoint" any one, to do, militia duty. It empowers the General Assembly to organize, equip and discipline all the militia, and to pay them when in active service; and it empowers the Governor, after they have been thus organized, &c., to call out the whole, or such portion, of the militia, as he may deem necessary to execute the law, suppress riots or insurrection, and to repel invasion. But the Constitution no where empowers the General Assembly or Governor to *appoint* a special militia, with arms and *badges*.

Again, it is a *volunteer* force; hence not a part of the militia,—no matter by what name it is called, and no man is compelled to serve in it.

Second, it is *unconstitutional*, because it empowers and requires any officer, or member, of this special militia, to arrest whom he pleases and imprison or keep him in custody for thirty-six hours, for an alleged breach of the peace, without a previous warrant or indictment, contrary to the spirit and letter of the Constitution as to the personal liberty of the citizen. The *manner* of the passage of this bill in the House was unconstitutional, as two readings of it were had in one day, which the Constitution forbids,—because it appropriates public monies.

The bill is infamously offensive in its provisions. It takes fifty men or more, black and white, out of each county, and, of course, unites them with the militia of other counties to form companies. Thus black and white are to be mixed, if white men will consent to serve, though they are not compelled to serve in the same "sections!" Being voluntary, no white man, worthy to be called a white man, will serve in it; hence it will be a *negro force*.

It is unjust, because it puts the good people of every county, town and village, at the mercy of the meanest scape grace, who wants to stir up a riot, to pay the expenses of the special militia.

It is an incendiary, riotous, war measure. What white man will allow any drunken or ignorant worthless negro to arrest him for a simple breach of the peace? It is an *intentional act of the General Assembly to stir up strife between blacks and whites*. There is WAR in this measure, fellow-citizens.—Nothing but war, and riot and blood shed!! Will you submit to it quietly? We call upon the people, everywhere, to denounce it and demand its repeal, if it is passed.

P. S. It will be seen, by reference to yesterday's House proceedings, that Mr. Argo's motion to reconsider the vote by which this wicked bill passed its third reading, on Wednesday, was laid on the table by a vote of 61 to 38,—so that, so far as that body is concerned, the Declaration of War against the white men of North Carolina, who are not in sympathy with the infamous aims of "Gov." Holden and his negro-carpet-bag-scallawag allies, is complete.—We shall publish this bill, to-morrow, in order that the people of North Carolina may see the full measure of its fiendishness and atrocity.

The War Bill was ably, patriotically and manfully resisted, at every stage, by Messrs. Durham, Argo, Gatling, Davis and Hodnett, among the Conservatives, and Messrs. Pou and Sinclair, among the Radicals.—The latter gentleman, in the course of his forcible *North Carolina* speech, read an elaborate opinion from that eminent jurist, B. F. Moore, Esq., exposing, in the most conclusive terms, the wanton and flagrant unconstitutionality of the scheme; but it fell on wilfully deaf ears. Under the Holden-carpet-bag caucus lash, the miserable slaves of party malignity crouched like whipped spaniels, and made a record which will condemn them forever, to the scorn and execration of the PEOPLE—the PEOPLE *of North Carolina*. More anon, as we have space.

THE IMPORTANT TEN THOUSAND VOTES LETTER.

The letter "written by one of the ablest men of North Carolina, and indeed without a superior in his department in the United States," contains, among others, the following proposition:

"If the acts of Congress are *null and void*, so are the reconstruction measures of Andrew Johnson, and it still follows that the negroes are slaves."

We are assured by the *Standard*, in which the letter is published, that the writer's "logic is irresistible." Let us see how far the eulogy is sustained by the "logic" of the above proposition:

It is asserted that, taking as a premise, that the acts of Congress are *null and void*, it follows, as a necessary conclusion, that the reconstruction measures of Andrew Johnson are so, too. The legitimacy of this conclusion may possibly be very apparent to the *Standard*, but we confess we cannot perceive it. The reconstruction measures of Congress were posterior to those of Andrew Johnson, but we are not aware of any rule of "logic" that makes a prior act void, merely because a subsequent one, relating to the same thing, may be so. It would seem to us that the very reverse of the proposition might be true. Thus, the lawyers tell us that if the Legislature grants a tract of land to A, and afterwards grants the same land to B, the latter will be *null and void*, because the first is good. The "logic" of the "10,000 votes" writer would make the former *void*, because the latter was *null and void!* Such "logic" may do for the *Standard*, but it will not do for the rest of the world. As the second legislative grant would be void because the first was good, so it seems to us that if the reconstruction measures of Andrew Johnson were valid and resulted in the rehabilitation of the State of North Carolina, as a State in the Union, then, for *that* reason, the acts of Congress must be *null and void*. Now we can show, from what will be considered as very high authority in this State, that the measures of Andrew Johnson did effect the reconstruction of the State.

In the case of *ex parte Hughes*, decided by our Supreme Court and reported in 1 Phillips' Rep., 57, it is clearly shown that the State was reconstructed by means of the measures adopted by Andrew Johnson, as President of the United States. The opinion was delivered by *Chief Justice Pearson*, and was manifestly prepared with much care. It will be seen that it clearly asserts the power and authority of the President to do what he did, but, in reply to those who might insist upon the necessity of the concurrent action of Congress, the Chief Justice says: "Whether the act of the President was one which required the concurrence of Congress, is a question into which we need not enter; for, taking it to be so, Congress has, in many ways, recognized and confirmed the action of the President, in regard to the reorganization of the State governments, by filling its offices," &c., &c.

Now we contend that if this opinion of the Court, as delivered by *Chief Justice Pearson*, be a fair exposition of the law, which applied to the condition of our State, after the late war, then North Carolina became a State in the Union, invested with all the rights and powers of the other States, and that Congress had no more authority to deprive her of them than to deprive any other State of its rights!

We, therefore, deny the irresistibility of the "logic" of the writer of the "10,000 votes" letter, and rely, in support of our denial, upon the authority of our Supreme Court, speaking through the *Chief Justice*!

THE APPROACHING CONVENTION.

From every quarter we hear the busy and patriotic notes of preparation for the coming Democratic State Convention. We predict that it will be a grand and enthusiastic outpouring of the masses. They will come, notwithstanding the *little* efforts that are being made, in certain quarters, to keep the people from coming together to express their devotion to the cause of the Constitution and their indignation at the tyrannical, proscriptive and *war* programme of the Holden-carpet-bag-negro regime.

It will be seen that our Young Men's Seymour and Blair Club has taken the matter of arrangements in hand. We cannot doubt that, with their well known energy and patriotism, they will do all that is necessary and proper for the inspiring occasion which we all anticipate. We hope that it is unnecessary to appeal to all good Democrats and Conservatives to assist them liberally in their preparations. It is in contemplation to have a grand torch-light procession, bonfires, &c., full details of which will be announced in due time.

As we have heretofore remarked, we believe that open doors and open hearts will welcome all our visitors.

APPLICATIONS FOR MILITARY AID.—The Governor of Florida and Hon. Isaac M. Hawkins, of Tennessee, having severally addressed letters to the President with reference to calling out the Federal troops to aid the State authorities of those States in suppressing riots and insurrections, Mr. Johnson referred the communication to the Secretary of War, who replies that the Federal troops in all the States South are ample to suppress any disturbance that may probably occur, and that they will be used for the purpose wherever the Executives or Legislatures of those States will make the showing and application contemplated by the Constitution.—*Wash. Express.*

A black boy who serves as "devil" in a Southern newspaper office was asked the other day if he intended to vote. "No, sar," said he, "I ain't twenty-one yit; but if I was, how I gwine to vote Saturday and help edick this paper, too!"

PUBLIC CREDIT OF THE STATE.

The readers of the *Sentinel* know that we have uniformly, and at all times, urged the strictest regard, both in our State Legislature and in the general sentiment of the people, to the preservation of the credit of the State. No public journal has more uniformly preserved a more unmistakable opposition to *repudiation* of the just debts of the State, and of all just debts, than the *Sentinel*. But we have invariably urged the absolute necessity of economy in all our public expenditures, and such a system of taxation as would bear equally upon all, and to be so imposed as not to be burdensome to any class.

We entirely endorsed the action of the "Constitutional Convention," in asserting the inviolability of contracts, both public and private, and of the integrity of the State in paying its just debts. But we opposed that part of its action, which positively requires the present General Assembly to provide, by taxation, for the payment of the State's interest at a given period, for the sole reason that we insisted that the time of payment, and the ways and means for its payment, should be left discretionary with the General Assembly, who, coming immediately from the people, would know best what they could bear, and what would be best to be done. We are of this opinion still; and if the present General Assembly, after a careful inquiry into the condition of the people, are satisfied it is wise and best to tax the people to pay the State's interest, or raise the money by the sale of bonds without an enormous sacrifice, it ought to do so.

For this very reason, and to enable the people to bear the burden of paying the State's interest, we are opposed to any appropriations for any purpose which may be avoidable or may be judiciously deferred to a later day. Hence, we oppose the taxing of the people to pay any enormous or unnecessary salaries, any unreasonable expenses for the General Assembly, extravagant orders for public printing, schemes for public schools requiring a large taxation at present, for a penitentiary or for a police, armed militia force, or standing army. If the extravagant aims of the Radicals in the General Assembly are carried out, the amount of taxation required will be so heavy as to render it impossible to raise the means to pay the State's interest. The public creditors of the State are watching the Legislature closely. They are aware of the poverty of the people and their inability to bear extraordinary taxation. Hence, if they discover on the part of the General Assembly a spirit of extravagance and waste, North Carolina credit must be depreciated at once and the ability of the managers of our public works to sell the bonds of the State will be seriously hampered. This is our position, and this is our sole reason for opposing the unnecessary and extravagant expenditures of the General Assembly.

HOW TIMES AND MEN CHANGE—GEN. GRANT AND JEFF. DAVIS.

Several years ago a certain young United States officer was wild—and as unpopular among his army comrades as he was reckless. During the great Crystal Palace exhibition in New York city, he distinguished himself by riding a horse into a hat store, and performed several other feats which at last brought him to a court martial. The court assembled at Fortress Monroe, the officer was tried, and the finding given, but not published—"guilty of conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman." Informed of the finding, and anticipating its approval, the Captain, for such he was, went at once to Washington, called upon the Secretary of War, and made a frank statement of the case. He acknowledged his fault, but said that if punished by the court in the manner he expected, he would be for ever disgraced. In consideration of his position as an officer, and the circumstances connected with his family, he begged permission to resign. The Secretary of War informed him that such a thing as a resignation after charges had been preferred was unheard of in the annals of military law, and contrary to the rule and practice of the service. But the officer begged on, and finally the Secretary yielded; his resignation was allowed; and the soldier became a civilian and merchant. That officer was Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, and the Secretary of War, Jefferson Davis. These are the facts as they are related to us by an officer of the United States army.—*Charleston News.*

LOOK AT THEM.

We subjoin the following from the Philadelphia *Age*, to show how the Southern Representatives in Congress impress the North. That paper says:

"There was a time when the admission of a new member of Congress was a scene of some interest and solemnity. Standing before the presiding officer, in view of the whole chamber, he took this oath: 'I do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States.' The other members looked with interest at the new comer, generally a person of note in the State he represented. In the case of the carpet-baggers, the thing is a farce, at which none restrain their merriment. The reporters add, after the calling of each name, 'laughter.' When the gentleman from, say Alabama, steps out, it is instantly seen that he is not a 'gentleman,' and not from 'Alabama.' He is some familiar 'lobby member,' some political 'loafer' from down East or out West. The incongruity of the thing strikes everybody, and the hall resounds with 'laughter.' It is the representative system, the life of free institutions, which the Radicals thus bring into contempt and ridicule. The spurious Representatives are a double cheat, both on their supposed constituency and on the body in which they intrude. Each time that one of these impostors balances the vote of a true representative of the people, they suffer a wrong—a wrong to be remembered and avenged upon the whole party who have helped to perpetrate it. In the States in which the ballot-box is yet free, it must vindicate itself now, as the great instrument of liberty, or give place to the cartridge-box, the emblem of military despotism."

The Radicals excuse their inactivity by saying it is too early to begin the campaign. "Wait till in the fall," they say, "and you will see us work in earnest." That is very much like the old gentleman who never could be induced to have his horse shod all round. "He has two good eyes," said he, "and can see where to put his fore feet.—I'll shoe his hind feet, and that's enough."

ARE YOU for war, for military rule, for an Imperial central government and for a Dictator or Emperor? Vote for Grant and Colfax.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, August 6, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Blythe, Senator from Henderson.

The following bills were reported from committees, with favorable endorsements:

Bill to encourage the manufacture of cotton, wool, &c.

Bill concerning re-funding bonds.

Bill concerning the jurisdiction and power of the Clerks of Superior Courts.

Bill regulating hours of labor.

Bill concerning the duties of Sheriffs, was amended, and, on motion of Mr. Osborne, it passed its third reading, under a suspension of the rules.

Bill to incorporate the Respass Guano Company.

Bill to incorporate the Union Emigrant and Transportation Company.

Bill to regulate the time for the collection of taxes, was ordered to be printed and made the special order for to-morrow, at 11 o'clock.

The Committee on Claims reported sundry claims against the Insane Asylum, with a resolution instructing the Treasurer to pay the same.

On motion of Mr. Respass, the report was laid on the table, ordered to be printed and made the special order for to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

The following bills came from Committees, with a recommendation that they be indefinitely postponed, viz:

Bill to elect Inspectors for the city of Wilmington;

Bill in relation to registration of voters in the city of Wilmington;

Bill to amend chapter 85 Revised Code.

SPECIAL ORDER.

Bill in relation to the powers and duties of the Superior Court Clerks was discussed at some length, amended, and passed its third reading, under a suspension of the rules.

A message was received from the House, transmitting a bill to establish Special Courts for the Cities of Wilmington and Newbern, and the county of Robeson.

Mr. Winstead moved that the rules be suspended, in order to put the bill on its several readings.

Messrs. Osborne and Robbins opposed the motion, but it was carried.

[The bill provides that the Judges of these Courts shall be appointed by the "Governor" and confirmed by the Senate.]

Mr. Welker moved to amend by allowing the citizens of these Counties to elect said Judges, after 1870. *The amendment was lost.*

Mr. Robbins offered a substitute for the bill, continuing the Special Courts, which are now already in operation, at Wilmington and Newbern.

Considerable discussion ensued, and, on motion of Mr. Robbins, it was laid on the table, in order to have time to consider the matter.

On motion the Senate adjourned.

NOTE.—Mr. Sweet, of Craven, arose to-day to a question of privilege, in which he stated that the *Sentinel's* report of his remarks on yesterday, in reference to Mr. Ferrell, conveyed a different impression from what he intended. The object of Mr. S. was to compliment Mr. F. for his kindness and generosity, but by no means to intimate that he had acted, or would act, improperly.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[BY UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.]

THURSDAY, Aug. 6, 1868.

The House was called to order at 9 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Shaver, of the House.

Mr. Argo resumed his remarks upon the motion to reconsider the vote, by which the special Militia (Police) bill passed its third reading, on yesterday. He went on to say that the people of the State were never more anxious for peace and quiet than at present. It was untrue that the people were disposed to resist, by armed violence, the existing government. On the contrary, he himself, with his party, as much as they deprecated a renewal of blood shed, would take up arms to maintain the supremacy of the laws and the Constitution. He argued that this force, if placed in the hands of a bitter and depraved partisan leader, would be used to further the ends of party, regardless of the interest or liberties of the whole people. This force will entail upon our hard working and industrious people, who are hard pushed now to pay their taxes, a debt of $350,000, to maintain it for the space of one month.

Mr. A. went on to show the direct and plain violation, not alone of the State Constitution, but also that of the United States. He showed conclusively that there was not the least necessity for such a measure, and setting aside its unconstitutionality, its unjust and tyrannical provisions, its enormous expense, it was unwise in the extreme and likely to engender strife. He appealed to all fair-minded men upon the floor, of all parties, as to the course of the party in the majority in refusing a full and fair discussion of this bill,—not even allowing the short space of an hour to the minority to debate the matter. He was indebted to the use of parliamentary tactics for the short time which he had now to discuss and show up, in its true colors, the vileness, oppression and utter wickedness of the measure.

Mr. A. continued for some time to expose in a animated and eloquent manner the outrage imposed by the bill upon constitutional liberty, and, in conclusion, protested, in the name of law, justice and liberty, against the final adoption of this iniquitous measure.

Mr. Sinclair next took the floor and argued that this substitute was the same as the original, only a little more unconstitutional. He read a long and able argument from B. F. Moore, Esq., giving an opinion as to the unconstitutionality of the whole bill. He (Mr. Moore) regarded it as giving to the Governor the absolute control of 6,000 armed men, organized, armed and mobilized. If the national army were to be raised on the same principle, we should have to-day a standing army of 240,000 men. In his (Mr. Moore's) opinion, the force raised cannot be maintained without the consent of Congress. The letter went on to point out the various ways in which the bill was subversive of all constitutional liberty, and how it violated, in letter and spirit, those vital and fundamental principles of law, which guarantee protection to life, liberty and property.

Mr. Sinclair resumed his remarks and argued, at length, upon the merits of the bill. These soldiers, he said, must be in complete sympathy with their Commander-in-Chief—a provision hitherto unknown in the laws of any country. You say that the Republican party is the people's party—that they are afraid of the people; yet how is it that you must have armed men to carry on the government? Do you, who claim a majority of 20,000 in the State, acknowledge that the State is being reconstructed against the will of the people, and the whole three years work, over which Congress agonized, is nugatory, unless this State government is propped by six thousand bayonets?

Mr. Sinclair, in a most able and eloquent speech, continued his remarks. He opposed the bill for several reasons: 1st., Because it was clearly unconstitutional. It was not a militia, within the meaning of the provision or language of either the State or National Constitutions. 2nd., He was opposed to it and asked for its reconsideration, because, if it became a law, it forever blazons forth to the world the fact that Republican Governments are a failure.—3d., He was opposed to the bill, because, if it becomes a law, it stamps the whole work of reconstruction as revolutionary and contrary to the will of a free people, and, therefore, susceptible of preservation and permanency only when supported by a standing army. 4th., He opposed it, because it would inaugurate and perpetuate discord, and, perhaps, shedding of blood between not only the white and colored races in the State, but also between native and adopted citizens. The technical Republican is an exotic on the soil of North Carolina. It was not at all indigenous to our State. You must, therefore, give it time to acclimate itself, &c. 5th., In his judgment, the bill was cunningly devised for the express purpose of bringing on at the polls the very thing which it pretends to prevent. He meant collision and bloodshed. 6th., He opposed it, because it gave to the Executive unlimited control of the State Treasury. 7th., He opposed it because its provisions, in connection with other acts passed by this Legislature, convert a constitutional and responsible Executive into an irresponsible despot, and lay at his feet, unchecked by law, the lives and property of every man, woman and child.

Under each of these heads Mr. Sinclair made eloquent and elaborate arguments. We hope to be able soon to publish his speech in full.

Mr. Gatling characterized the bill as odious and utterly abhorrent to any government claiming to be a free Republic. He said that they had become ashamed of the word "Police," and substituted "Militia." He thought that the word "malicious" would be the most appropriate one to use. This bill gave to the Governor the power to march these soldiers to any portion of the State he saw fit, whether there was necessity for it or not. Mr. G. said he saw a great resemblance between this sort of legislation and the system of *lettres de cachet* formerly introduced in France, in the darkest days of despotism.

Mr. Gatling made a clear and forcible argument, embracing all of the numerous objections to the bill, but a lack of time and space prevents a longer notice. We hope, also, to publish his remarks, hereafter, in full, as the public should by all means read them.

Mr. Hodnett denounced the bill as calculated to break the peace and harmony of the government. He appealed to the *natives* (white and colored) in the House, regardless of all party prejudices and feeling, to unite and tread under their feet such a cold blooded, bare-faced and outrageous encroachment upon the liberties of the people. He said that it was no party question. He was not a party man. The bill is introduced by *Northern men among us*, to perpetuate their influence over the colored men, who had at last begun to open their eyes to the schemes of the various carpet-baggers now among us, and who, if left free and untrammelled, would vote against them at the next election.

The colored men are fast beginning to find that their interests, and those of the native white land-holders, are identical.

Mr. Hodnett briefly but clearly exposed the complete infamy of the bill, and, in conclusion, solemnly protested, in the name of his people, against so iniquitous a measure.

Mr. Durham said that they, as members of the Legislature, were sworn to support the Constitution of the United States, and of North Carolina, not in conflict with that of the national Government. The latter gave the States the power to organize and equip a militia, but provides that it shall be done in accordance with the laws of Congress. It makes every man, twenty-one years of age, a militia man. This bill proposes to give the Governor the power (taking it away from the legislature) to organize, equip and arm, at his discretion, such men as he may see fit to select, and gives him the power to call upon the Treasurer for an unlimited amount of money. Is not this a most clear violation of the Constitution of the Federal government, as well as that of the State? Are we not solemnly sworn not to do such violation?

The force provided for was nothing more nor less than a standing army, at the beck and call of the Governor. Never crowned Kings of the other hemisphere had a more complete sway over their armies than does this bill give to the man "who writes himself Governor." It can be ordered to any portion of the State, and encamped in every locality, at the pleasure of the Executive. The Governor has decidedly more power by this bill than the President of the United States. The President is restricted by the laws and Congress; the Governor here has power to call out and organize the whole or any part of his militia, as he in his wisdom may see fit. It was nothing more nor less than proclaiming W. W. Holden Dictator over the lives and fortunes of the citizens of this State. In conferring this power upon the Executive, when the constitutional law of the land says it shall be vested alone in the Legislature, the men who advocate it are false to their constituents, and stand perjured, in the eyes of God.

Mr. Durham sustained his high reputation as a forcible and logical speaker. His speech in full, will, if possible, be given hereafter.

Mr. Davis said as his time was limited, he would say but a few words in regard to the infamous bill of abominations. He was sent here by the good people of Carteret county, a law abiding people, who loved peace, and he could say that there was not an honest, respectable man in his county, that would have any position that could be given him under the bill. Then who are to compose this force? It will be the mean, dirty and low rascals, to bully over the good people of his county. He heard, every day, the Republicans charging Gen. Blair's letter as meaning war, but what was this, but a declaration of war? What will it result in but war? The decent and respectable men of the State must fight or have the chains of eternal slavery wrapped around them. The people will not submit to it. The bill provides that each county shall bear the expense of whatever force may be called into service in it. Now his county was not able to bear its part of the expense of six thousand armed men for months at a time.—The respectable men will not endure the presence of so many scoundrels as this band will be composed of, and they will risk life, liberty, property and every thing else, to avoid it.

Mr. Davis continued to discuss the bill and the men who advocated it in strong and pungent terms.

Mr. Pou strongly and ably advocated the reconsideration of the bill, but we are compelled to bring our report to a close.

Seymour (gig-lamps) opposed the motion to reconsider, and moved to lay it on the table.

Mr. Speaker Holden also took the floor, and made a violent and inflammatory speech in favor of tabling the motion to reconsider.

The yeas and nays being demanded, and the roll being called, resulted yeas 61, nays 38, as follows:

AYES.—Messrs. Ames, Ashworth, Blair, Barnes, Carson, Candler, Clayton, Cho-wan, Cherry, negro, Crawford, negro, Cawthorn, negro, Dixon, Downing, Ellington, Estes, Foster, Franklin, Forkner, negro, Gaskins, Gunter, Gilbert, Graham, Hutchings, negro, Harris of Wake, negro, Hoffman, Horney, Hodgin, Hayes, negro, Hendricks, Ingram, Justice, of Henderson, Justice, of Rutherford, Kinney, Kelly, of Moore, Long, of Chatham, Long, of Richmond, Laflin, Mayo, negro, Morrill, McCanless, Moring, Peck, Proctor, Pearson, Robbins, negro, Ragland, Renfrow, Reynolds, negro, Res, Rhodes, Stilley, Simonds, Seymour, Stevens, Siegrist Vestal, Vest, Wilson, Williamson, negro, Wilkie, Wiswall, White, Waldrop.

NAYS.—Argo, Armstrong, Boddie, Clayton, of Transylvania, Davis, Durham, Farrow, Ferebee, Gatling, Gibson, Grier, Hodnett, Hicks, High, Humphries, Harris, of Franklin, Hinnant, Hawkins, Jarvis, Kelly, of Davie, Moore, Matheson, Nicholson, Pou, Price, negro, Parker, Proffit, Robinson, Smith, of Alleghany, Smith, of Martin, Sweat, negro, Sinclair, Short, Shaver, Stanton, Thompson, Whitley, and Williams.

After the transaction of some further unimportant business, the House adjourned.

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

Louisburg Female College,
FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to T. M. JONES,
June 15-tf President.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE,
LEXINGTON, Va.

THE NEXT SESSION opens 3rd Thursday in Sept., 1868, and closes 4th Thursday in June, 1869. The Faculty consists of

GEN. R. E. LEE, PRESIDENT,
with Professors of Latin, Greek, Mathematics, Modern Languages, Moral Philosophy, History and English Language and Literature, Applied Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry and Law and Equity. These are distributed into: 1. Faculty of Arts; 2. Faculty of Science; 3. Faculty of Literature and Philosophy; 4. Faculty of Law. In each of these is conferred a distinct Bachelor's Degree, and the Degree of *Master of Arts* is open alike to students in each course. In the Department of Science are conferred, also, *Professional Diplomas* of Civil Engineer and Mining Engineer. By the aid of a full corps of assistant Professors, provision is made for thorough drilling in the Departments of English, Ancient and Modern Languages and Mathematics.

EXPENSES.—All necessary expenses need not exceed $325.

For full particulars apply to
E. C. GORDON,
July 30-3w Clerk of Faculty.

University of Virginia.

THE FORTY-FIFTH SESSION of this institution will begin on the 1st day of Oct. 1868, and end on the Thursday before the 4th of July, 1869.

The organization of the institution is very complete, embracing extensive and thorough courses of instruction in Literature and Science and in the professions of Law, Medicine and Engineering.

Estimated expenses—exclusive of books, clothing and pocket-money—of the *Academic* student $300; of the Law Student $355, and of the Medical Student $370.

For particulars send for Catalogue to William Wertenbaker, Sec., or S. MAUPIN,
Chairman of the Faculty,
July 31-2w* P. O. "University of Va."

Mecklenburg Female College.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. A. G. STACY, A. M., President.

NEXT SCHOOL YEAR WILL COMMENCE October 1st, 1868.

A full corps of able and accomplished Instructors will be at their posts.

Rates as low as can be afforded in a first class Female College. The last scholastic year has just closed. One hundred and fifty-four pupils having been enrolled. Address
THE PRESIDENT,
July 14-tf Charlotte, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Oil and Lead.

A FRESH SUPPLY of White Lead, Linseed, Kerosene and Refined Cotton Seed Oils, just received.
Aug. 3-tf THOS. H. BRIGGS.

Varnishes, Varnishes, Varnishes.

SUPERIOR QUALITY,
For sale at
Aug. 3-3w THOS. H. BRIGGS'.

Hams, Hams, Hams.

SIX HUNDRED POUNDS CHOICE SUGAR-Cured and Canvass Hams.
20 Buckets and 2 bbls. Lard,—all of the best.
Aug. 3-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON.

SUGAR AND COFFEE.

40 bbls. all grades Sugar.
20 Sacks Rio, Laguyra and Java Coffees.
50 bbls Baltimore Syrups and New Orleans Molasses, in store at
Aug. 3-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON'S.

IRISH POTATOES.

A lot of fine Irish Potatoes on consignment at
Aug. 3-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Save Your Fruit.

"LIGHTNING APPLE PARERS,"
Just received and for sale by
Aug. 3-tf THOMAS H. BRIGGS.

Garden and Farm Tools.

WHEELBARROWS, HOES, SHOVELS, &c.
For sale at
Aug 3-tf THOS. H. BRIGGS'.

CANDY! CANDY!

Another supply of newly made Candy, at
Aug. 3-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SODA! SODA!

Ten Kegs Cooking Soda, Just received at
Aug. 3-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

Fifty bbls. Flour for sale by
Aug. 3-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

EVENING AUCTIONS!

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY, at 8 o'clock.
Sales of Dry Goods,
Ready-Made Clothing,
Hats, Shoes and
Fancy Goods.
To close consignment. Great bargains may be had, as the goods must be sold.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
aug6-1w Auctioneer.

SOLE LEATHER. Sixty sides.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FLOUR.—Thirty sacks Family,
One hundred sacks Superfine.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

LARD.—In twenty-five pound buckets.
Just arrived.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

HAMS! HAMS!
Eight hundred pounds Virginia.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

SHOES! SHOES!
Home manufacture, warranted all leather.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

COTTON YARNS!
Three bales of the best.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

BOOK STORES.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in this line of business,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES.
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES,
SUCCESSORS TO
Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.
BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 '18-tf Raleigh, N. C.

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols. just received and for sale at
BRANSON & JONES'
June 19-tf Raleigh.

New and Elegant Books.

JUST RECEIVED!
Globe edition of Dickens' Works,
Bulwer's "
Shakspeare's "
Burns' and others
Abbottsford Waverly Novels.
All new, nice and cheap, at
July 4-tf BRANSON & JONES'.

MISCELLANEOUS

MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.
June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO'S
GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP,
THE STANDARD OF
EXCELLENCE,
For Sale by all Grocers.
Jan. 22-3m

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS.

MARKET SQUARE,
RALEIGH, N. C.

July 23-tf

IF WE SELL GOODS THAT DO NOT SUIT, our Dray will bring them back, free of charge. Get a Sack of our genuine Family Flour, warranted.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Hams.

1,000 LBS. SUGAR-CURED HAMS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

2,000 LBS. N. C. HAMS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Sides.

400 LBS. N. C. SIDES.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

20 KEGS OF F. F. F. POWDER.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

SHOT OF ALL SIZES.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TURNIP SEED! TURNIP SEED!
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

5,000 LBS. WESTERN SIDES.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.
Aug. 3-tf

LARD.
2,000 pounds, warranted, for sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

ANOTHER LOT EX "C" SUGAR.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.
July 31-tf

FINE OLD WHISKIES.

20 Kegs "Nick Williams'" and "Rising" Whiskey, the BEST and PUREST Whiskey made.
Aug. 3-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON.

WANTED.

A situation as TEACHER by the advertiser, who has had nine years experience, and can give the best of references.
Address Miss ELEANOR MIDDLETON,
Care of Dr. W. R. MILLER,
Aug. 1-1w* Raleigh, N. C.

Cotton Yarns.

IN STORE, TWO BALES COTTON YARNS, No. 10, on sale.
JAS. M. TOWLES,
July 16-1w Commission Merchant.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1868.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Mountain Cheese and Butter: J. M. Towles, Commission Merchant.

Bacon, Lard, Sugar and Coffee—a good supply at Family Groceries, generally: R. K. Ferrell, Hargett St.

TUCKER HALL.—We are glad to learn that the ladies of the city, with their usual patriotism, propose to decorate Tucker Hall for the reception of the State Democratic Convention. While night meetings will be held (the weather permitting) out of doors, the business sessions of the Convention must be held in Tucker Hall,—the largest and most elegant room in the city. Hurrah for the ladies!

BISHOP ATKINSON'S APPOINTMENTS.

Lincolnton,	Sept.	10.
High Shoals,	"	11.
Charlotte,	"	13.
Salisbury,	"	16.
Kittrell's Springs,	"	18.
Louisburgh,	"	20.
Oxford,	"	22.
Williamsborough,	"	24.
Henderson,	"	25.
Warrenton,	"	27.

MORRISVILLE.—A Seymour and Blair Club was organized at Morrisville, on Wednesday, by the election of R. K. Jones, Esq. as President; C. Byrd, A. Jones, and A. K. Clements, Vice-Presidents; W. M. Page, Treasurer, and Jno. Bagwell, Secretary.—Twenty five names were at once enrolled—which number will be more than doubled at the next meeting, at the same place, on the Saturday before the 4th. Sunday in August. The Club was addressed, in fine style, by the President.

Eighteen delegates were appointed to the County Convention, which meets in this City to-morrow.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.—The compensation of this officer is $175 per month, until his salary is fixed by law. He has already been in office one month. All that the public know of his *services* thus far, is, that he superintended the construction of a platform for a partisan celebration on the 4th of July, for which the taxpaying people of the State *had to foot the bill*, and that he *escorted* a file of soldiers to Chapel Hill to take charge of the University property—including the *private* property of the two Literary Societies! Rumor, however, has it that he will soon fence the "Baptist Grove" and sow it in clover!

THAT RABBLE.—Sec. 11 of the Standing Army Bill, which passed the House on yesterday, provides that the badge to be worn by the janissaries shall bear these initials: "N. C. S. M." This is supposed to mean "NEGRO, CARPET-BAG, SCALLAWAG, MILITIA!"

RALEIGH YOUNG MEN'S SEYMOUR AND BLAIR CLUB.

COURT HOUSE, Aug. 5, 1868.

The Club was called to order at half past eight o'clock.

After reading of the minutes of last meeting, and the Constitution and By Laws of the Club, the President requested those present, who wished to join the Club, to present their names to the Secretary; which request was responded to with a rush.

Captain DeCatteret moved that three Committees, one of Finance, one of Arrangements, and one of Reception, be appointed by the Chair, with a view of meeting the object of the resolution adopted by the Seymour and Blair Meeting, on Monday night, viz: making arrangements for the approaching State Convention.

Mr T M Hughes, being loudly called for, addressed the Club in advocacy of the resolutions, adopted at a late meeting of the Wilmington Club, and heretofore published in the *Sentinel*, which he moved be adopted by the Club.

Mr W Hal Harrison moved to postpone until next meeting; which motion was carried.

The Chair announced the following Committees:

Committee on Finance: Jas A Moore, W C Parker, T H Hill.

Committee on Arrangements: A D Reyster, B F Cheatham, G H Snow, Theo N Ramsay, John C Syme.

Committee on Reception: A H Manafield, Dallas Upchurch, J C Birdsong, E B Alley, Geo M Whiting, W W Overby.

Mr W Hal Harrison, in response to calls, happily addressed the Club, amid considerable applause.

Mr. Jas C Marcom moved that a suitable committee, in each ward of the city, be appointed to canvass the same and solicit names for membership. Adopted.

Mr. J A Collins moved that the next meeting of the Club be of members alone. Adopted.

The chair announced that the Secretary reported 130 members upon the roll of the Club.

On motion, the Club adjourned to meet on next Tuesday night.

C. M. BUSBEE, *President.*
ALBERT MAGNIN, *Secretary.*

WHEN THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION TAKES PLACE.—We said the other day that the election for President would take place on the second Tuesday in November. The law fixes upon the Tuesday after the first Monday in November as the day. In 1860 the election was held on the second Tuesday, because Tuesday was the first day of the month, and therefore the first Monday was the day before the second Tuesday.

A Radical sheet says: "Revolution is the thing, and the Democracy have opened the campaign with a war whoop." We can stand anything the Democracy can; but in view of the season, our prejudices are in favor of the peace whoop (pea soup.)

The dog that wakes up from a sound slumber, looks all about him for a better position, turns round and round a dozen times or more, and finally lies down in the same place, is a perfect type of thousands of persons whom we meet in the daily walks of life.

In view of the limited enthusiasm the Radical ticket has awakened, the party may exclaim with the unfortunate negro who, when a possum seized his forefinger and closed both eyes, as possums always do, cried out, "Fo' goodness, that daggon possum gwine to sleep on my fingah!"

THE PEOPLE MOVING!

SAFETY FOR THE NATION IN SEYMOUR AND BLAIR!!

[We continue to receive the manuscript proceedings of meetings in every section of the State, requesting publication in the *Sentinel*—glorious meetings all, evidencing that the people are fully aroused to the dangers which menace the Republic and the State, and justly indignant at the Holden Brownlow policy of war and proscription which has been inaugurated in North Carolina.—The pressure upon our columns is so great, that we are very reluctantly compelled to forego the publication of these proceedings entire, and we trust that our friends will appreciate the *necessity* which forces us to curtail them. We give abstracts of each meeting:]

RUTHERFORD.

Immense out-pouring of the worth, intelligence and respectability of this county, at Rutherfordton, on the 27th. of July. Dr. O. P. Gardner presided, and Messrs. J. L. Carson and S. P. Erwin were Secretaries. Patriotic resolutions were adopted; addresses were made by Rev. Dr. May, Dr. L. Eaves and Dr. Gardner; sub-committees for each election precinct in the county were appointed; a Seymour and Blair Club was organized, with a large number of enrolled members; and delegates were appointed to the approaching State Convention.

DAVIDSON.

A large number of Democrats and Conservatives of this county met at Lexington, on the 1st. Dr. W. C. Johnston was called to the Chair, and S. A. Mock, Esq. requested to act as Secretary. The Chairman, on assuming his duties, made a brief and excellent speech.

Capt. F. C. Robbins, M. H. Pinnix, Esq. and Dr. W. B. Meares addressed the meeting in bold, able and interesting efforts, which were received with great favor and applause.

Appropriate resolutions were adopted, and one hundred and twenty-five delegates appointed to the great State Convention, which meets in this city next week.

A Seymour and Blair Club was organized, and all who were in the meeting, except two or three persons, came forward and signed their names as members,—all expressing their determination to have old Davidson wake up and do her duty in November.

ROCKINGHAM.

A very large number of the citizens of Rockingham met at Wentworth, the county seat, on the 29th. ult. The meeting was organized by calling Jos. Holderby, Esq., to the Chair, and appointing Dr. Jesse Carter and Wm. N. Melane, as Secretaries.

Dr. Thos. W. Keene addressed the meeting with earnestness and ability. Gen. A. M. Scales made a forcible and impressive speech. Col. David Settle entertained the meeting with a happy combination of argument and humor. Col. Jno. H. Dillard and Mr. P. T. Duffy, of Greensboro, also spoke ably and eloquently.

About forty delegates were appointed to the approaching Convention.

Another meeting of Democrats and Conservatives in old Rockingham was held at Thompsonville, in that county, on the 1st., at which Capt. S. S. B. Smith presided and J. W. Thompson, Esq., was Secretary.

A Seymour and Blair Club was organized, by the election of the following officers, viz: President, Dr. Robert H. Scales; Vice Presidents, Geo. W. Garrett, Samuel S. B. Smith, and Jesse Mayneck, Esqrs; Secretary, J. W. Thompson; Treasurer, J. W. McDowell; Directors, Gen. F. L. Simpson, E. D. Paschall, J. W. Smith, W. H. Brannock and P. M. Winchester. The Club was eloquently addressed by Capt. E. D. Scales, S. S. B. Smith and Dr. Winchester.

A free dinner is to be given on the 14th. inst., and a Committee was appointed to solicit speeches from Gen. A. M. Scales, Hon. John Kerr, S. P. Hill, Capt. Dillard and Mr. Duffy.

RANDOLPH.

A great mass meeting of the Conservatives of Randolph was held at Ashboro, on the 4th inst., to organize for the campaign, &c. Col. Zebedee Rush presided and J. M. Odell was Secretary. M. S. Robins, Esq. explained the objects of the meeting.

Gov. Worth, happening to be on a visit to his old home, was invited to address the meeting, and did so, in a logical, forcible and patriotic speech, of two hours length. He was received with great enthusiasm by his friends and former neighbors.

The proceedings of this meeting shall appear to-morrow.

PITT.

The 1st. instant was a "big day" in Greenville. A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Conservatives and Democrats of Pitt was held. In point of numbers, talent and respectability, it was the most influential political meeting held in the county for many years. Whigs and Democrats came together with the determination to cast to the winds old party prejudices and animosities, and to unite in the effort to hurl from power the destructives and revolutionists.

Henry Shepperd, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and Captain H. W Joyner and Joel Moye, Esq., Secretaries. A series of highly patriotic and forcible resolutions were presented and adopted. Able and effective speeches, eliciting much applause, were delivered by Messrs Sparrow, of Washington, E C Yellowley, G W Johnson and R W Joyner. Delegates were appointed to the State Convention.

After the business of the meeting was transacted, a Seymour and Blair Club was organized, with the following permanent officers, viz: President, Dr C J O'Hagan; Vice Presidents, E C Yellowley, G W Johnson, J S Smith, T R Cherry and G Barnard; Secretary, Lewis Lawrence; Treasurer, Jas B Cherry. A large number of citizens subscribed their names to the Constitution of the Club.

ALAMANCE.

A very large number of the citizens of Alamance met at Graham on the 1st. Thos. C. Foust, Esq. presided, and J. E. Boyd, Esq. was Secretary. Among the appropriate resolutions adopted on the occasion was the following:

Resolved, That the action of our Legislature in passing or attempting to pass such iniquitous measures as the armed Police Bill and the like, which are plainly in opposition to even the *new* Constitution, is subversive of the rights and privileges of freemen and merits our most hearty disapproval and detestation.

Seventy five delegates were appointed to the great State Convention on the 13th.

The meeting was addressed by W. M. Robbins, Esq., Senator from Rowan, in an impressive and powerful speech, of two hours length,—showing up scallawags and carpet-baggers in their true colors and fully pourtraying the infamous policy of the Radicals.

Hon. R. Y. McAden also addressed the meeting in an able and forcible manner.—His remarks were principally directed to the colored voters, many of whom were present. He was followed by Dr. J. A. Moore, the excellent representative from Alamance in the "House of Representatives," in some timely and effective remarks.

BRUNSWICK.

A meeting of the Democratic and Conservative citizens of Brunswick was held in Smithville on the 1st. The meeting was organized by calling Owen D. Holmes to the Chair, and requesting Jacob A. S. Price and Thos. D. Grissom to act as Secretaries.—Fifty delegates were appointed to the State Convention.

STATE NEWS.

Sunday trains are to be discontinued on the North Carolina Railroad from and after Sunday next.

Saturday last was observed as Memorial Day in Halifax. A large number of ladies and gentlemen visited the burying ground, and strewed the graves of our fallen heroes with flowers and evergreens. An appropriate address was delivered, and a touching ode recited. The ladies of Halifax honor themselves, as well as the memories of our dead braves, by their beautiful devotion.

Stephen Britt, of Lumberton, publishes a card in the Wilmington *Journal*, announcing that he is no longer a Union Leaguer, but a Seymour and Blair man.

The individual, "who writes himself Governor," has appointed two negro commissioners for the town of Weldon.

Large meeting of the Seymour and Blair Club of Halifax, on Monday evening, which was eloquently addressed by Col. W. A. Jenkins and Gen. M. W. Ransom. The following permanent officers were elected, viz: President, W. W. Brickell; Vice Presidents, R. B. Parker, S. S. Phillips and B. W. Bass; Secretary, Jordan Stone; Treasurer, Jos. T. Gooch.

PARTY MEANNESS.—We copy the following from the last Wilmington *Journal*:

"The Committee appointed by the Democratic Club of Wilmington to make arrangements to procure a train to transport delegates from this city to Raleigh, called upon the authorities of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad to charter a train. Application was made by them to the officers of the North Carolina Railroad. A reply was received from Mr. Johnson, Superintendent of the North Carolina Railroad, who answered promptly that the train would be allowed to pass over their road, and the price would be one-third of the amount charged by the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad. Subsequently a dispatch, stating that Mr. Smith, the hunter of Confederate deserters with dogs, who "writes himself" President of that road, declined to permit any train from the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad to pass over that road, and that delegates to the Democratic Convention would be *charged full fare both ways*. This is in keeping with Holden and his contemptible tools, and is in accordance with the malignity with which scallawags and carpet-baggers desire to conduct the campaign."

The *Journal* suggests that the Club shall negotiate with the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, and come to the State Convention, *via* Weldon. We trust that this suggestion will be at once adopted, and that all the delegations from the Eastern counties will make a similar arrangement. Let them rebuke this mean party malignity by keeping off of the Road, just as far as practicable or possible. Dr. Hawkins, the President of the Raleigh and Gaston Road, will extend the most liberal indulgements to the public. Holden's "President," with his partisan littleness, is doing "a good thing" (over the left) for the interests of the N. C. Railroad!

Is it not a shameful thing that in no way can it be made to appear how many people are now in prison by the military authority of the United States, and who they are, and where they are, and why they're there? When it comes to any dirty little case about a stationery contract, or an Indian annuity fraud, or the "ring" sale of an iron clad, hey! presto, we have a set committee, and a hired stenographer, and an overhauling of records and taking of testimony, but when the personal liberty of the citizen is in question the whole fabric of the American Government is deaf and dumb.—*N. Y. World.*

Senator Morton says every rebel in the South is armed, and this he states authoritatively, notwithstanding Grant and Sherman disarmed every captured Confederate within the line of their desolating march.—Morton, therefore, favors the modern method of keeping the peace by arming the negroes. The carpet-baggers themselves need no arms, for during the whole war they had no practice with deadly weapons. They kept in the back-ground. They were "invisibles in war," and are now "invincibles in peace."—They hate the smell of villainous saltpetre, and are altogether willing that Cuffee should be put in the fore-front.

"LOIL" DOGS.—In Tennessee no dog can be registered unless he proves his loyalty. Only six loyal dogs are registered in the State. Any but a loyal dog who offers to bark, has his tail cut off close behind his ears for the first offence, and is flayed alive the second. Over all the rest of the Union, "loil" dogs—puppy, whelp and hound, and cur, of low degree, bark freely—but that's all. There is no more bite in them. Their teeth are drawn.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce.*

Let us have peace, says Grant. "Arms! give us arms!" cries Holden and "us carpet-baggers."

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

SENSATIONAL!

WASHINGTON, August 6 M.

The Governor of Louisiana has written a long letter to the President, enclosing a "petition from a number of the most prominent and influential citizens of North Louisiana," setting forth the "horrible outrages" that are daily being perpetrated in that portion of the State, together with a letter from the Hon. G. W. Hudspeth, Attorney for the Eighth Judicial District, showing the state of affairs that exists there. Also, other letters and papers, showing that in many of the parishes there exists no protection for the citizens in the courts, and that men are shot down in the roads, in their homes, and elsewhere without a question being asked, or any steps taken to bring the offenders to justice.

The Governor goes on to say that one hundred and fifty men have been murdered in Louisiana, in the last month, and, as startling as this statement is, letters of the "most reliable character" have been received fully confirming it.

[The letter proceeds to charge that there are plans on foot to intimidate colored voters, &c., and even intimates a conspiracy to murder the Governor, &c.,—all of which is, of course, designed as a "Sensation" campaign document, and we cannot cumber our columns with it. It is written for a *design*, which we are not willing to subserve. We believe that the statements accord with the usual purposes, in such cases, of so-called Southern Loyalists.—SENTINEL.]

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 6 M.

The President has accepted Rollins' resignation, without any remark on the conditions, which still hold. The acceptance is a mere formality, it is said, and does not change the situation.—Gen. Burbridge is pressing for the office, and it is said he has assurances from several Senators that they will protect the President in dealing promptly with Rollins, in Burbridge's favor.

Gen. Kilpatrick, Minister to Chili, has leave of absence and returns home on the first of September.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6, M.

Money easy at 3@4. Sterling 10. Gold 1.40½. Virginias, new, 53½; Tennessees, ex-coupons, 63½.

Cotton dull at 29½.

Turpentine 46@46½. Rosin firm—common 2,95.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6, P. M.

Grant will be absent till the middle of September, and will probably accompany the Indian Peace Commission, which Sherman has summoned together, westward.

Mr. Evarts has returned unexpectedly. He had a prolonged interview with the President, to-day. Then with Secretary McCulloch.

It is understood that Evarts took strong grounds against Rollins' removal, except on the terms of his resignation or by suspension for cause under the tenure-of-office bill, threatening, otherwise, to withdraw from the Cabinet. Meantime, Rollins is utterly obnoxious to the President and McCulloch. It is said, however, that Rollins has modified the terms of his resignation, and, on the same authority, [doubtful,] that General Jeffries will succeed.

The Democratic majority in Kentucky exceeds seventy thousand.

THE PRESIDENT AND THE "LOUISIANA SENSATION."

WASHINGTON, August 6 P. M.

The interview between the President and Col. Dean, of Gov. Warmouth's staff, was pleasant and conciliatory. During the interview, the President gave no indications of questioning the legitimacy of Louisiana's present government.—He wished it to be understood, that the same course would be followed by the Secretary of War (Gen. Schofield) toward Louisiana and Florida, that prevails in Tennessee, that is, in effect, that there are sufficient troops in those States to suppress disorders, and that they would be used for that purpose upon proper application from the State, under the direction, however, of United States officers. With this unofficial expression of opinion, the matter was referred to the War Department, and remains in abeyance until Schofield's return, on Saturday.

FROM ST. LOUIS—GENERAL GRANT—"A SPEECH!"

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 6, P. M.

Gen. Grant responded to a serenade, last night, as follows:

"*Gentlemen and Fellow-Citizens*: I can scarcely find words enough to thank you for this very hearty and warm reception. It is peculiarly gratifying to me to see so many friends in St. Louis, a place which has arisen since I have been a man grown, and where I intend to become a resident at some future day. Thanking you again, I bid you good night."

FROM NEW YORK—YELLOW FEVER.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6, P. M.

There are several cases of yellow fever in the Hospital ships at quarantine.

Captain Reed, from Cien Fuegos, and one of his boatmen, died of the black vomit, on yesterday.

ARRIVAL OF MR. DAVIS IN LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 6, P. M.

Mr. Davis arrived last night.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug 6, P. M.

Cotton heavy and a shade lower. Sales of 800 bales at 29@29½.

Turpentine 46@47. Rosin 2,95@7.

Gold closed at 1 40½@1,40¼.

WILMINGTON, August 6 P. M.

Sprits Turpentine advanced and firm at 44. Rosin firm; Strained 2,15; No 2, 2,20. Tar advanced, 2,65.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MOUNTAIN CHEESE AND BUTTER!

Just received, 18 Kits Prime Mountain BUTTER, and 2 Boxes of CHEESE, on sale.

J. M. TOWLES,
Commission Merchant.

aug7-1w

N. C. BACON AND LARD,

Meal and Flour, Sugar and Coffee.
A good supply of FAMILY GROCERIES, at
R. K. FERRELL'S,
aug7-1w Hargett Street.

W. R. DICKS,

BOOK BINDER AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER.

Raleigh, N. C.

MANUFACTURES BLANK BOOKS OF ALL kinds out of the best material, and of any pattern, as can be done anywhere in the United States.

Newspapers, Music, Periodicals, Law Books, and Books of all kinds, bound in any style desired, VERY CHEAP, and at short notice. Twenty-five per cent. saved by all sending their books to me. BINDERY AT BRANSON & JONES' BOOK STORE.

All work done in a workmanlike manner.

Freight paid—when sent by express—on all work to the amount of $25.00, and upwards.

aug5-tf W. R. DICKS.

LAGUIRA AND RIO COFFEE.

Warranted to suit in flavor and price.

aug6-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY

WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	Par
" Cape Fear	33
" Charlotte	33
" Wadesboro	27
" Wilmington	33
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	30
" Graham	21
" Lexington (old)	15
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	15
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	33
" " " (new)	12
Miners'and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	33
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. Railroad Stock	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-208-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

Bank of Cape Fear	33
" Charlotte	33
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old,)	15
" " (new,)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham,	21
" North Carolina	55
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	00
" Wadesboro'	27
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
" Wilmington	38
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	33
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	33
" " " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

July 27-135-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 20)	G. B. 55
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	16
" Roxborough	60
" Wadesborough	27
" Thomasville	30
" Wilmington	30
" Commerce	16
" Washington	5
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	3
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old	29
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	23
Georgia "	23
Gold	138
Silver	133
Old Coupons	83
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Notes	73
Exchange on New York	¼
R. & G. Railroad Stock	40

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	7@8
" NETT	0@0
BUTTER	30@35
COTTON, nominal	25@26
CHICKENS, Spring,	15@25
" Grown	20@40
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	22@24
EGGS	12½@15
FLOUR	11@13
FODDER	1 25@1 50
HERRINGS	8@ 9@10
HIDES—Green	8c pr lb.
" Dry	15@17
HAY pr. cwt.	60@75
LARD	20@25
MEAL	1 45@1 60
MOLASSES	55@65
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	0 00@0 00
" White	0 00@0 00
POTATOES—Irish, New	3 25@3 00
" Sweet,	0 00@0 00
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	15@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75
OATS	75@1 00
CHEAP GATE	6@@ 75
BEESWAX	25@30

REMARKS.

Cotton—None offering. Nominal price 25@26.

THIEM & MILLER'S

"EXCHANGE."

THE FINEST LAGER BEER AND OYSTER SALOON in the South, just opened opposite to

TUCKER HALL.

The best WINES, LIQUORS, &c., also to be had at the LOWEST PRICES.

Come one, come all and judge for yourselves. Every GENTLEMAN will be waited on with politeness and free, out, by

July 28-3m THIEM & MILLER.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,

FORMERLY

BROWN'S,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

POTTS & SHELLEY, Proprietors.

July 25-1w

Charlotte Female Institute,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Rev. R. BURWELL, } *Principals.*
JNO. B. BURWELL, A. M. }

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for Board (inclusive of every expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $150 per term of 20 weeks.

Music Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, extra, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

Rev. R. BURWELL & SON,
July 11-3m Charlotte, N. C.

WANTED!

A SITUATION AS SALESMAN in either a Dry Goods or Grocery Store, for the remainder of the year. The very best reference given. Address W. W. WOODEL.

Raleigh, Aug. 1-1w

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

JULY 21, 1868.

ASSETS, $10,000,000.

No. INSURED 57,000.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,881,708.51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

READ THE FOLLOWING EXTRACTS:

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD.—The Ætna is a Company that can be thoroughly trusted. It is sound, prompt, and progressive. It rests on a firm basis, pays its claims with alacrity, and goes on its way rejoicing. It has done, within the immediate neighborhood of Hartford, within the last year, a larger business than any other Life Company; which indicates that a prophet has, for once, found honor in his own country.—*New York Insurance Monitor.*

(*Extract from N. Y. Insurance Monitor, Oct. 1868.*)

No Life Insurance Company ever achieved so complete a success as this popular institution.—Its popularity is altogether unprecedented in the annals of commercial enterprise in this country.

"A good man leaveth an inheritance."—*Bible.*

IN NORTH CAROLINA the Ætna Life Company has settled policies promptly to date, 17th July, 1868, $45,500.00, and another $5,000 is ready for the legal representative of our deceased fellow-citizen,

A. KLINE,

well known as a prudent and thrifty man of business.

Those who insure in the Ætna may be sure of a certainty for their friends, and that too upon terms as favorable as any first-class Company can afford.

The Ætna is a tried Company.

Call on

W. H. CROW,
General Agent for the State,
Office, Raleigh, N. C.

W. H. McKEE, Examiner.

July 21-1m.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $300,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a safe business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 17
BROOKLYN	1 13
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 06
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 23

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the handsof the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Traveling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS, LIFE AND ENDOWMENT.

DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCH, Pres.

Information gladly furnished to call, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., March 23—1868-3m

The Daily Sentinel.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 7, 1868.

CAMPAIGN OF 1868!

Old Iron-Clad First in the Field!!

GO TO

TUCKER'S

IRON FRONT BUILDING!!!

WE ARE AGAIN RECEIVING A NEW SUPPLY OF

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SUMMER AND FALL PRINTS,

Bleached and Unbleached Domestics,

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,

MUSQUITO NETTINGS,

FANS! FANS!! FANCY!!!

UMBRELLAS! UMBRELLAS! & SHOES.

TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS!

Stock daily supplied by our resident Partner in New York.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,

Raleigh, July 23, 1868-tf

Goldsboro' Female College.

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 1st Monday in August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD AND TUITION, exclusive of washing and lights, $25.00. Address

E. W. ADAMS, President.

July 11—1awlSept.1 Goldsboro'.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs, a distance of six miles over a beautiful shell shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $50 per month; $18 per week or $3 per day. Children, under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths, cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT,
Proprietor.

Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C.
June 1-dawtm.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

General Commission and Shipping Merchants,

AND

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.,) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON, } Wilmington, N. C.,
JAS. H. HILL, } No. 32 North Water St.

June 26, 1868-1y

A SPLENDID CHANCE FOR A HOME.

BONA FIDE RAFFLE.

250 CHANCES, $10 EACH.

THE DRAWING TO TAKE PLACE IN WASHINGTON, N. C.

NO HUMBUG THIS TIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED OWNS A VERY VALUABLE FARM in the lower part of Beaufort County, about 30 miles below Washington, containing 300 ACRES, 50 of which is CLEARED and in a fine state of cultivation, with a

GOOD DWELLING

and all necessary out-houses, and the soil of the tract is of the very best quality. The

FARM

is at the head of North Creek, and within half a mile of good navigation, and within a day's sail of Newbern or Washington. The owner proposes to have the same

RAFFLED OFF

for the sum of $2500. 250 Chances at $10 Each, the Drawing to take place

IN WASHINGTON

as soon as the chances are all taken, under the direction of W. R. J. Burbank, E. S. Hoyt and F. B. Satterthwaite, Esqrs.

The undersigned refers to Messrs. Burbank, Hoyt and Satterthwaite, of Washington, and to R. W. Respess and W. C. Campbelle, of Williamston, as to the value of the farm, &c.

The Editor of the Tarboro' *Southerner* at Tarboro', R. W. Respess, of Williamston, and E. S. Hoyt, of Washington, will receive subscriptions, and the Drawing will take place as soon as possible, after the chances are all taken.

W. O RESPESS,
July 23-1m Washington, N. C.

B. P. WILLIAMSON,

No. 4 EXCHANGE PLACE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

SOLICITS Consignments of GRAIN, FLOUR, and all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dealer in all kinds of Heavy and Fancy Groceries, Hardware, Fine Brandies, Wines, Whiskies and Gins, Bagging, Rope and Twine.

AGENT FOR SALE OF:

Cotton Gins and Presses.
Straw Cutters and Corn Shellers.
Wheat Threshers and Wheat Fans.
One and two-horse Plows, of all descriptions.
Gum and Leather Belting and Hose of all sizes and kinds.
French and Swiss Bolting Cloths of all numbers.
French Burr and other Mill Stones.
All kinds of Mill and Brass Castings; Bridge Castings, Bridge Bolts and Forgings furnished on short notice.

SOLE AGENT FOR SALE OF JOHNSON & ALLEN'S THIEF GUN in North Carolina.

We ask a trial from all, and guarantee satisfaction to all who try us.

B. P. WILLIAMSON.

Raleigh, N. C., July 31-2w

Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing, in the manufacture of LIME, under the name and style of "POWELL, WILSON & CO." is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. M. POWELL,
J. W. WILSON
J. H. SHERRILL,
M. TROLLINGER.

Catawba Station, N. C., July 13th, 1868.

NOTICE.

All claims against the late firm of "Powell, Wilson & Co." will be settled by the undersigned, and all persons in arrears for Lime will make payment to me, as the business of the firm must be closed up.

A. M. POWELL.

Catawba Station, N. C. July 15-2awtw

Lime, Lime.

EXPECTED DAILY, 50 bbls. fresh LOCKPORT LIME, which will be sold low at Depot.

JAS M. TOWLES,
July 16-1w Commission Merchant.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION:

THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

First.—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

Second.—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third.—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys draws from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expresly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth.—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

Fifth.—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

Sixth.—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secury negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh.—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth.—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star-chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has absolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and if sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a federal union of co-equal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so called) of Congress as usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void; that our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."

CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS FOR CLUBS.

We have received letters from several sources, requesting us to send printed copies of a Constitution and By-Laws for the organization of Seymour and Blair Clubs.—Having none on hand, and no funds to print them, we have prepared the following Constitution and By-Laws, as a guide for Clubs, and submit them to the consideration of our friends. They were submitted to the Young Men's meeting to form a Seymour and Blair Club, in this city, on Tuesday night, and unanimously adopted:

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE 1st. This Association shall be styled the —— Club of —— of North Carolina.

ART. 2. The objects of this Association are as follows: To unite in close political compact every Democrat, Conservative, or by whatever name known, in North Carolina, for the support and defence of the Constitution of the United States; the promotion of the peace and good will of society and the harmony of the Union; the proper enforcement of law and order by legitimate forms, and the utter destruction of Radicalism every where, by the election of HORATIO SEYMOUR, of New York, as President, and FRANCIS P. BLAIR, of Missouri, as Vice President, and all other Democratic and Conservative nominees for any office; and, further, to promote the mutual benefit and protection of each other in all lawful pursuits, aiding each other in business, as being members of one great political family, seeking to promote each other's welfare, and especially to extend such aid to those who have been or may be ignored or proscribed by the Radical party, as the Association may be able.

ART. 3. The officers of this Club shall consist of a President, three Vice Presidents, a Recording Secretary, a Corresponding Secretary and a Treasurer, who shall perform the duties usual to such offices, and who, together with Five Directors, shall be elected annually at the annual meeting of the Association, and shall constitute an Executive Board, to whom shall be committed the interests of the Club.

ART. 4. This Constitution, and such By-Laws or Regulations as this Club may adopt, may be altered, amended or changed at any public meeting of the Club by a vote of two-thirds of the members present.

SUBSCRIPTION.

We, whose names are hereto annexed, do solemnly pledge our word and sacred honor, constantly and faithfully to promote the objects and aims of this Club as set forth in the foregoing Constitution, and do hold ourselves ready to defend the same, and to protect, to the extent of our ability, every member of this Association throughout the State.

BY-LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

1. Every member of this Club shall sign and subscribe the Constitution, in order to recognition.

2. All monied contributions to the objects of the Association shall be voluntary, and shall be held by the Treasurer, who shall keep an exact account and disburse the same only on the order of the Executive Board, to whom he shall submit his accounts when ordered.

3. The Club shall order its public meetings when and where it chooses, and the President may call meetings when desirable, but the Executive Board, or such of its members as may be designated, shall select speakers and make all necessary arrangements.

4. Each member of the Executive Board is hereby appointed a Committee to solicit names for membership, also monied donations for the objects of the Club, and to attend to the general interests of the Club, such as directing the correspondence, procuring and circulating documents, &c.

5. The Executive Board shall meet to transact the private business of the Club as often as it may order, (and the officers of the Club shall be *ex-officio* officers of the Board) when the names of members shall be presented for registration or dismissal for good cause, to consider the financial business of the Club, and such other private matters as may be necessary. All members of the Club may attend the private meetings of the Board when convenient, and may give counsel, but the business of the Board will be determined by the vote of the Board itself.

6. Any member of the Club intending to move to any other section, may obtain a certificate of his membership in this Club, if he desire it, to be signed by the President and Secretary.

7. The Executive Board of each Club will give special attention to all matters of registration, voting, &c., see that all do their duty, and that the law is strictly observed, that all fraud or mal-practice is detected and duly punished.

REMARKS.

1. In South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi and other Southern States, strong Democratic Clubs are being formed, composed of colored citizens. The Constitution above is so worded that it can be adapted to any place or persons. If Democratic Clubs can be formed entirely of colored persons, perhaps it will be best; but where there are few, the Clubs may decide to enter them on their registers or not, as they may elect.

2. We would suggest that Young Men's Clubs, everywhere, should embrace all young men, from 18 years of age, and upwards. Many old men are faint-hearted, timid, afraid to let people know their political *status*. Take in the young men, who have the pluck, and who may be educated to *love* the Constitution and the country, and who will always vote right, when they become of age. We need the ardor and boldness of youth, as well as the prudence and wisdom of age. The necessity for this, however, would be obviated, if the young men, under the age of 21, would form Clubs of their own.

3. We insist upon forming Clubs in every Ward, in every precinct and Captain's District in the State, where 25 or 30 members, and as many more as possible, can be obtained. The more the better. The talent and energy of all our people must be brought out. It will not do to let the old men and the old party managers do all the managing and the talking. We *must put every man* in some position to be useful. By having a Club in every Ward and every neighborhood, we can find room for a great many as officers and talkers and working men. We can have our Club meetings out of doors, these pleasant nights, by moonlight or camp fires, and there will be a chance for *every man*, who can make a talk, or a little speech, or a great speech, to do something in that line. Let the Clubs be formed. Bring out all our men to work for the Constitution and the country, and let us save them by the election of Seymour and Blair!

BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,

At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.

June 23-tf GEO. T. COOKE

Wheat Thresher and Carrier.

JUST RECEIVED, another of SINCLAIR'S celebrated open-wrought, 28 inch cylinder, which will be sold with or without the Straw Carrier. Apply at once, to save expenses of transportation from Baltimore.

July 16-tf JAMES M. TOWLES.

1,200 LBS. OF LARD,
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible.—If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,
April 8 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods, for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding **$3,500,000.**

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 31—72-tf

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

On the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weisman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

4,000 ACRES

OR MORE.

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

1,000 ACRES OR MORE.

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent cash, and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

W. S. MASON,
Jun 30-4d Commissioner.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

BANKING,

Exchange and Collection Office,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.

Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.

Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York.

June 26-1m*

SENTINEL OFFICE

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—44 WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving

At

Feb 3-139-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

WHITE PEPPER.

At

TONNOFFSKI'S.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,		$8 00
" "	six months,	4 00
" "	three months,	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year,		4 00
" "	six months,	2 00
" "	three months,	1 00
Weekly "	for one year,	2 00
" "	six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people.—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS

1868, 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. FOGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

LIME, LIME, LIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED proposes to deliver Lime at Salisbury Station at (12) twelve dollars per ton.

The freight on the N. C. R. R. is

From Salisbury to Concord		60c. per ton.
" "	Charlotte	$1.00 " "
" "	Greensboro'	1.60 " "
" "	Camp Shops	1.40 " "
" "	Hillsboro'	1.80 " "
" "	Durham's	1.85 " "
" "	Raleigh, 2 15	" "

A. M. POWELL,
Catawba Station, N. C., July 24-2awtw

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates

BRANSON & JONES,
June 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

44 Fayetteville Street.

FOR SALE.—A BELL OF BEST BELL-Metal, and of excellent tone, suitable for a Church or an Academy. Weight 58 lbs. Will be sold cheap.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 28-tf With Hart & Lewis.

NEW SUPPLIES.

Toilet Soaps, Rosin Soaps, Mason's Blacking, Concentrated Lye, Black Pepper, Parlor Matches, Axle Grease and Copperas. Just received at

July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents.

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right, 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated (except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment) for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents.

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found, 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes, 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Ganger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 2 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00.

For any other purpose, 50 cents.

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000, $1.50.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1.00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)

Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100, 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 10 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance, Life, when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $300, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1,00.

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and, if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE.	Term Expires.	INDIANA.	Term Expires.
Lot M Morrill, r	'69	T A Hendricks, d	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'71	Oliver Morton, r	'73
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		ILLINOIS.	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71	Richard Yates, r	'71
Jas W Patterson, r	'73	Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
VERMONT.		MICHIGAN.	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'69	Zach Chandler, r	'69
Justus S Morrill, r	'73	Jacob M Howard, r	'71
MASSACHUSETTS.		WISCONSIN.	
Charles Sumner, r	'69	I R Doolittle, d	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'71	Timothy O Howe, r	'73
RHODE ISLAND.		MINNESOTA.	
William Sprague, r	'69	Alex Ramsey, r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'71	Daniel S Norton, d	'71
CONNECTICUT.		IOWA.	
James Dixon, d	'69	James W Grimes, r	'71
Orris S Ferry, r	'73	James Harlan, r	'73
NEW YORK.		MISSOURI.	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69	John B Henderson, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'73	Charles D Drake, r	'73
NEW JERSEY.		KANSAS.	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69	Edmund G Ross, r	'73
Alex G Gattell, r	'71	Samuel C Pomeroy, r	'73
PENNSYLVANIA.		NEBRASKA.	
C R Buckalew, d	'69	Thos W Tipton, r	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'73	John M Thayer, r	'71
DELAWARE.		NEVADA.	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69